

Coal Ash-based Geopolymer Foam Using Silica Fume



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Introduction

Current Problems

- ✓ CO_2 emission in cement production
- ✓ Coal ash landfill

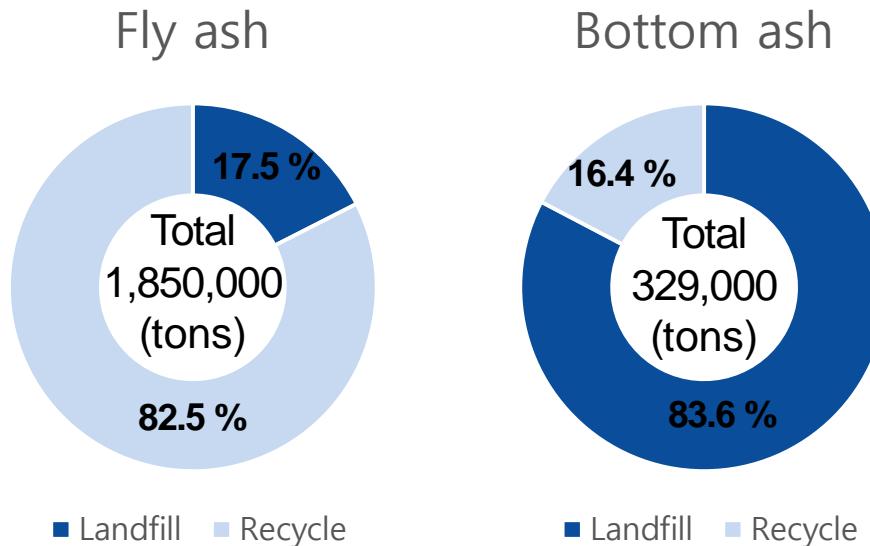


Fig. 1. Status of generation, utilization, and landfill of fly ash(left) and bottom ash(fight) from KOEN(2019).

- ✓ Fire hazards of organic insulation materials

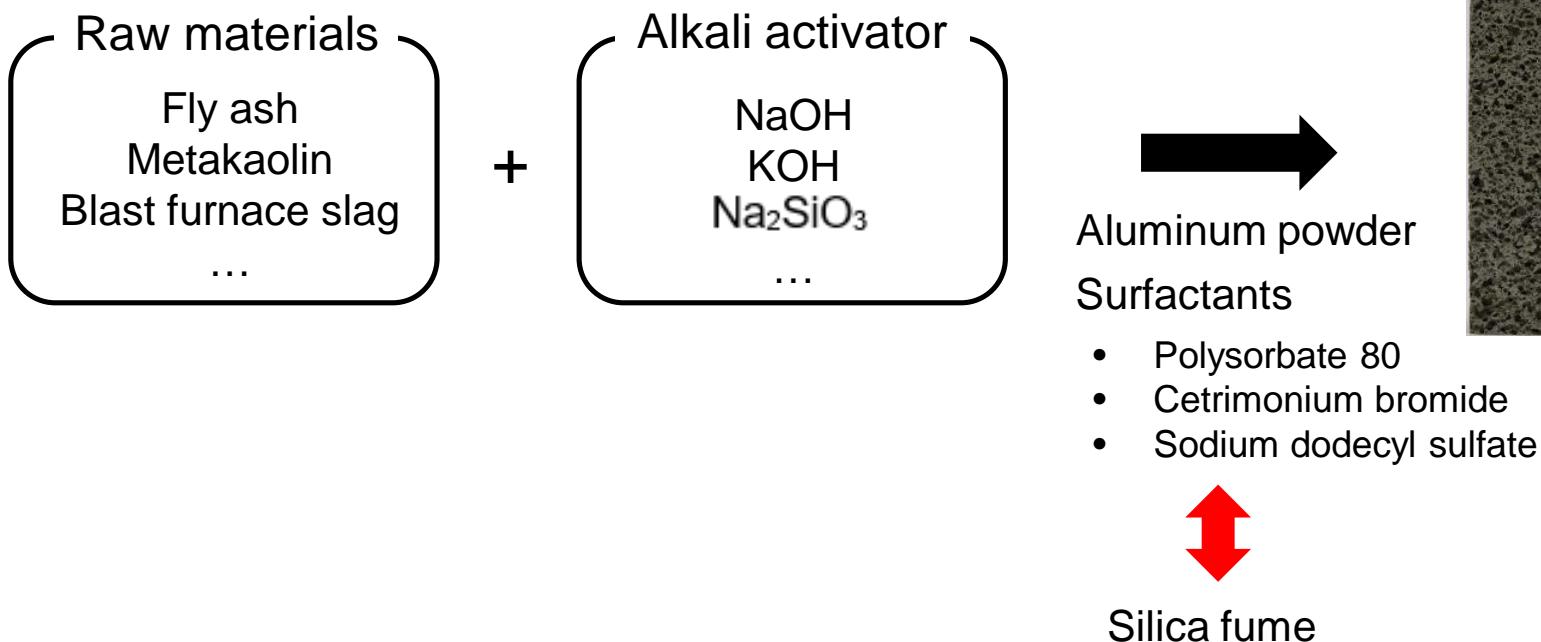
Introduction

Geopolymer?

- ✓ An inorganic binder having aluminosilicate 3-dimensional structure
- ✓ Generally synthesized by alkali activation of aluminosilicate source materials

Geopolymer foam

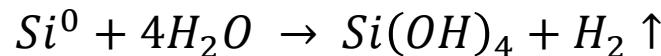
- ✓ Produced by introducing gas within geopolymer paste
- ✓ Low thermal conductivity, light weight, and fire-resistance



Experiments

Materials

- ✓ Silica fume (SF)
 - An industrial waste from production of silicon and ferrosilicon alloy.
 - Contains free silicon which reacts with water in alkaline medium, producing hydrogen gas.



- ✓ Coal bottom ash (CBA)
- ✓ Coal fly ash (CFA)
- ✓ Sodium silicate solution & sodium hydroxide

Table 1. Chemical compositions of SF, CFA, and CBA.

wt.%	SiO ₂	Al ₂ O ₃	Fe ₂ O ₃	CaO	TiO ₂	K ₂ O	MgO	Others	LOI
SF	86.6	0.415	0.896	0.324	0.000	2.71	1.53	4.08	3.40
CBA	52.0	19.1	13.1	6.81	1.16	1.47	1.84	4.40	0.200
CFA	48.4	22.2	6.00	4.03	1.43	1.72	1.11	11.9	3.24

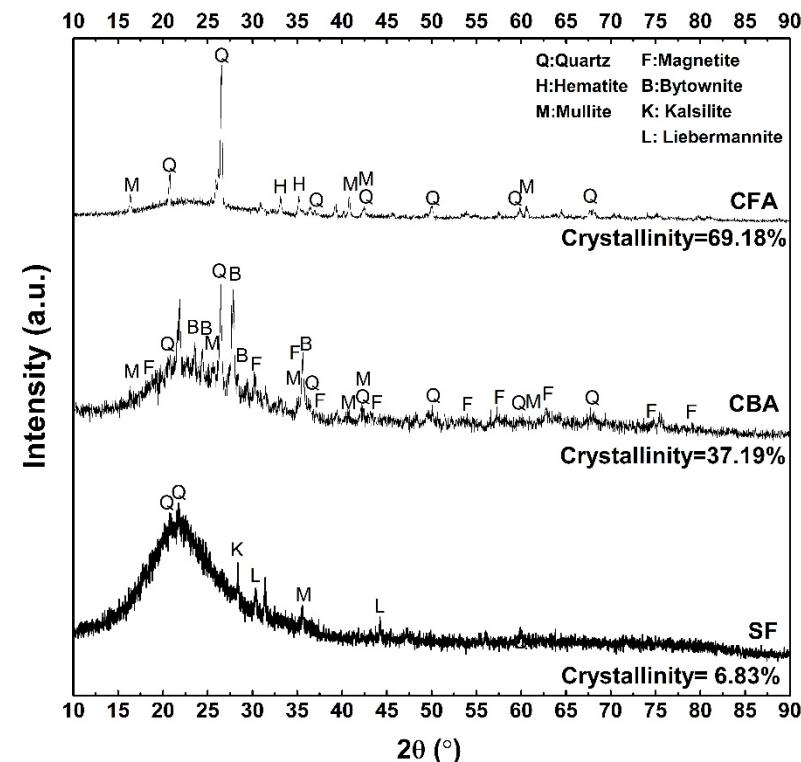


Fig. 2. XRD and crystallinity results of CFA, CBA, and SF.

Experiments

Experimental design

- ✓ CFA content
- ✓ Liquid to solid ratio (L/S ratio)

Table 2. Mix proportions for geopolymers synthesis.

Sample group	Solid materials (wt.% in solid)			Liquid/Solid ratio (L/S ratio)	Note		
	Coal ashes		SF				
	CBA	CFA					
FA10	76.50	8.500	15.00	0.38~0.50 with an interval of 0.02	CFA/(CBA+CFA)=0.10		
FA30	59.50	25.50	15.00		CFA/(CBA+CFA)=0.30		
FA50	42.50	42.50	15.00		CFA/(CBA+CFA)=0.50		

→ Optimum mix proportion with uniform pore structure, low thermal conductivity & enough compressive strength

Results and discussion

Density, thermal conductivity, and compressive strength

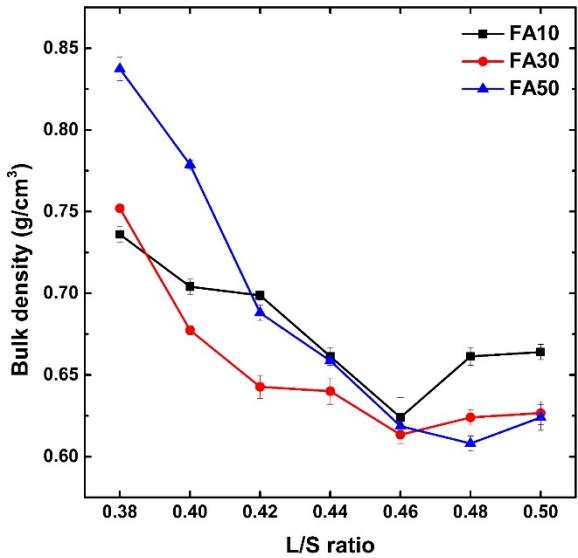


Fig. 3. Bulk density of FA10, FA30, and FA50 with varying L/S ratios.

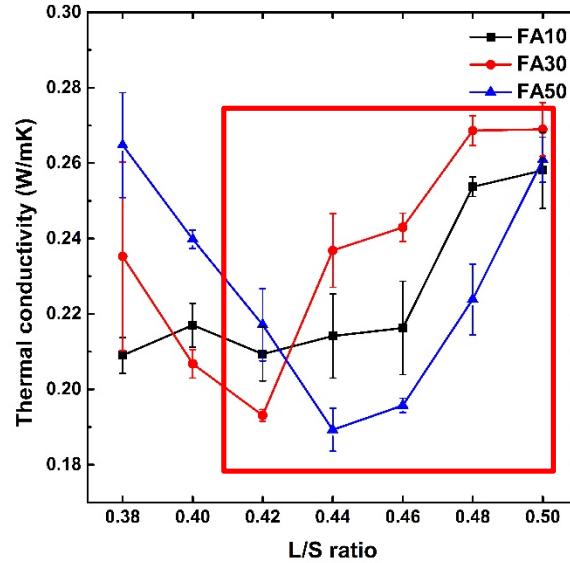


Fig. 4. Thermal conductivity of FA10, FA30, and FA50 with varying L/S ratios.

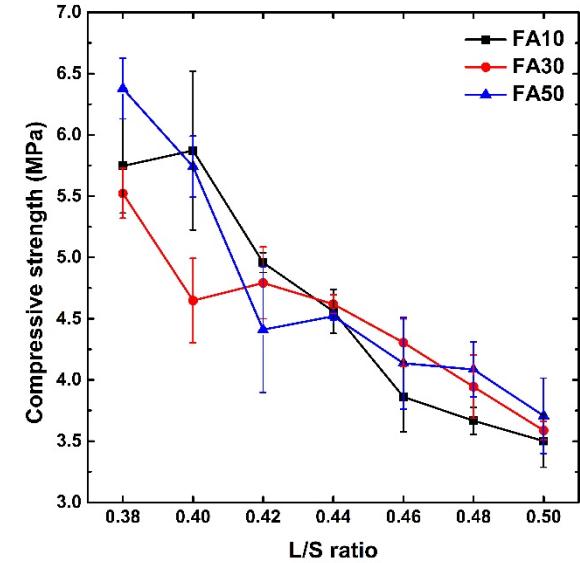


Fig. 5. Compressive strength of FA10, FA30, and FA50 with varying L/S ratios.

Table 3. KS F 2701 standard properties for autoclaved lightweight concrete(ALC) block

	절건 비중	압축강도 (MPa)	열전도도 (W/mK)
0.5품	0.45~0.55	2.9 이상	0.188 이하
0.6품	0.55~0.65	4.9 이상	0.238 이하
0.7품	0.65~0.75	6.9 이상	0.278 이하

Results and discussion

Morphology

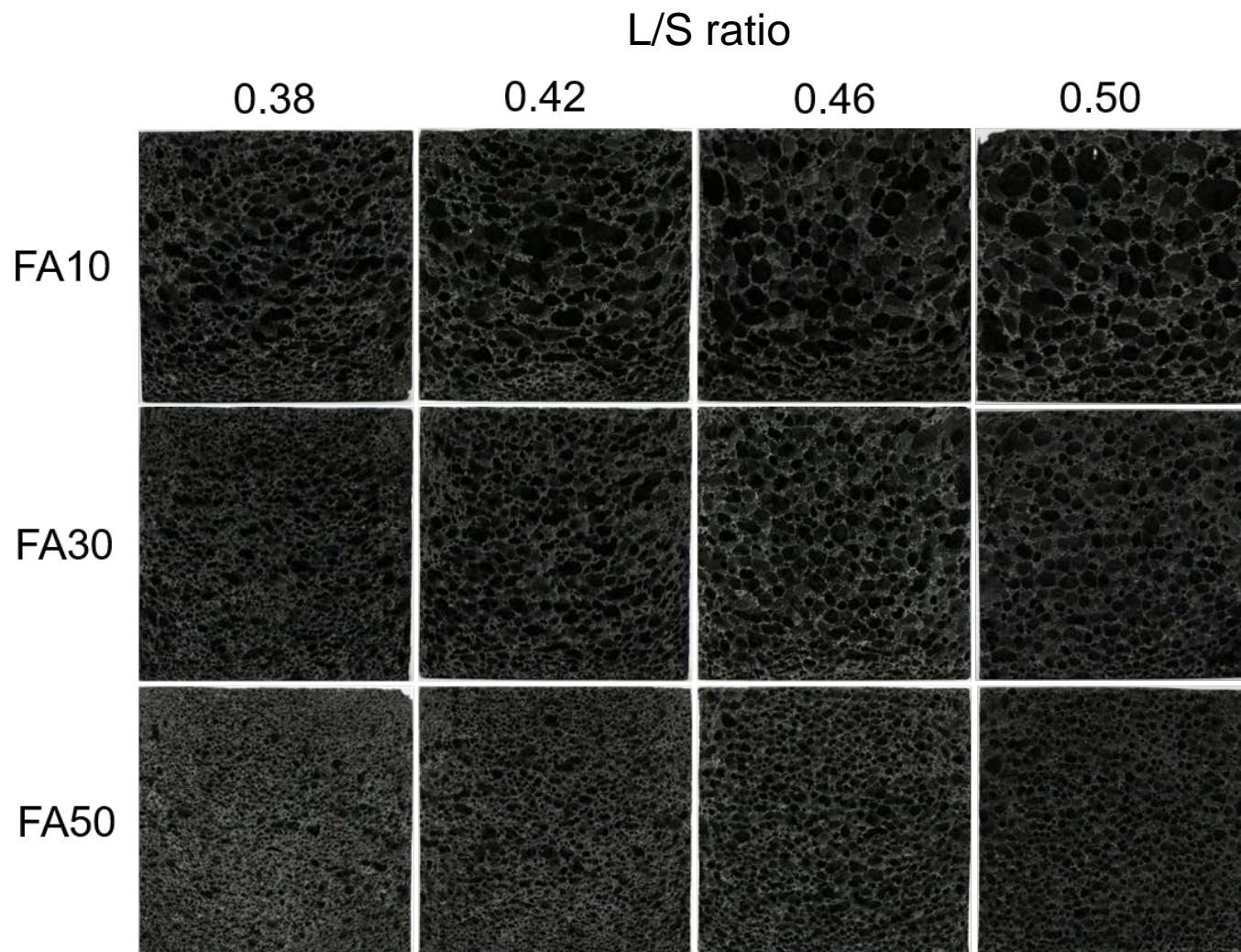


Fig. 6. Cross-sectional photographs of geopolymer foams with various CFA contents and L/S ratios.

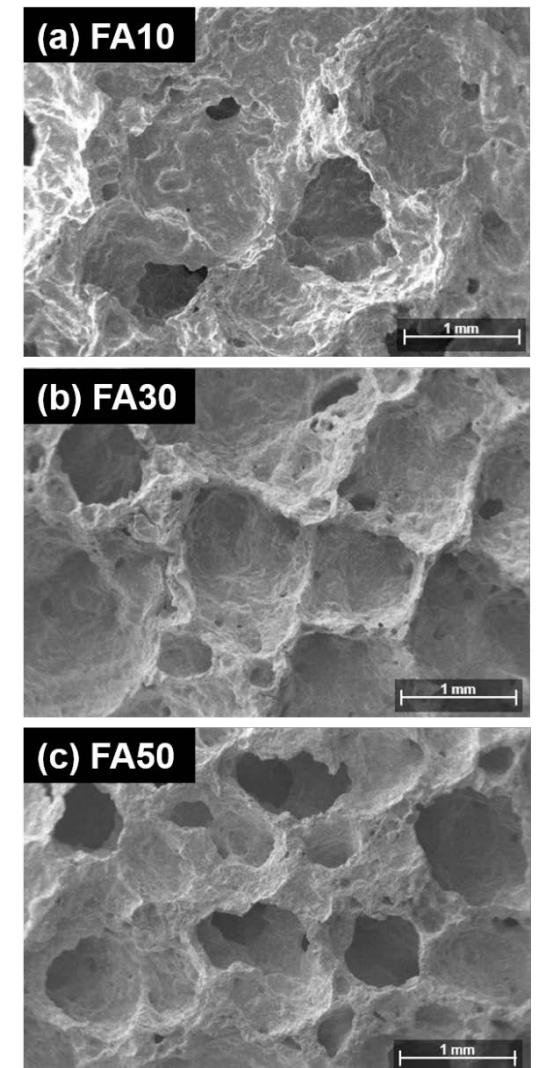


Fig. 7. SEM images of (a) FA10, (b) FA30, and (c) FA50 at L/S ratio of 0.42

Results and discussion

TG/DTG analysis

Silica fume

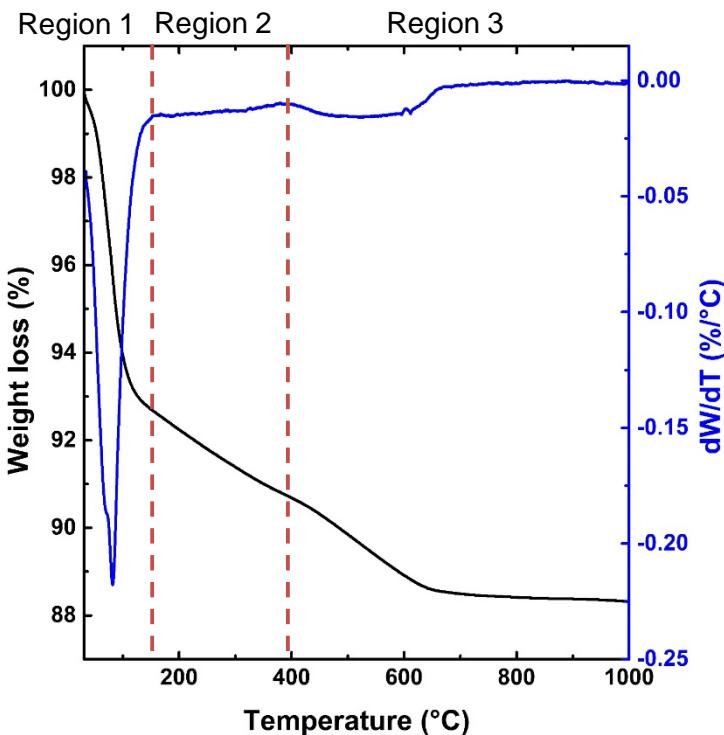


Fig. 8. TG/DTG analysis of FA30 at L/S ratio of 0.42.

Aluminum powder & surfactant

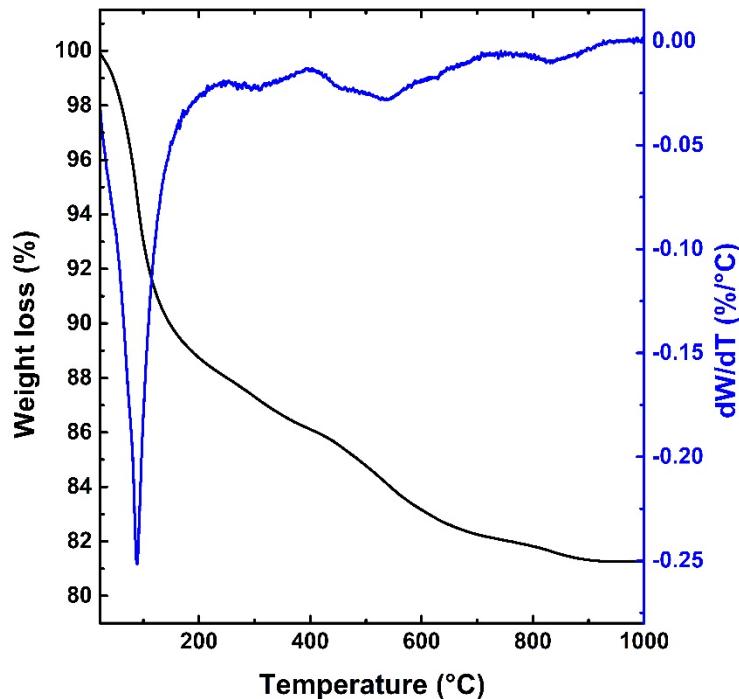


Fig. 9. TG/DTG analysis of geopolymer foam using Al powder and sodium dodecyl sulfate.

- ✓ Region 1: physically bound water
- ✓ Region 2: chemically bound water
- ✓ Region 3: hydroxyl groups

Results and discussion

Additional experiment - Exposure to high temperature

- ✓ Exposed to high temperature of 300°C

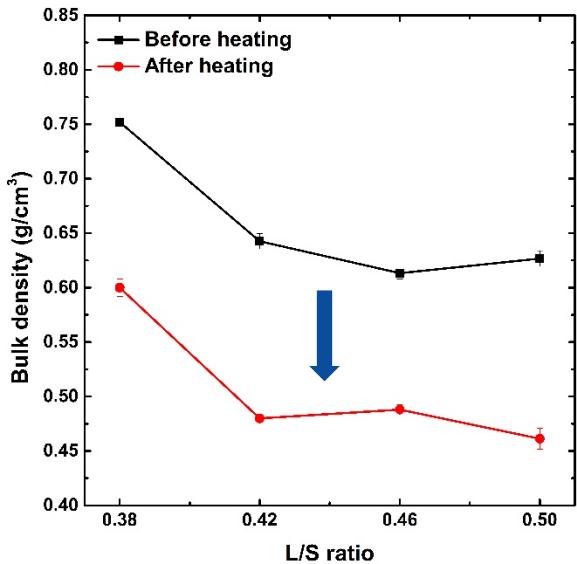


Fig. 10. Bulk density of FA30 with L/S ratios of 0.38, 0.42, 0.46, and 0.50 before and after exposure to 300°C

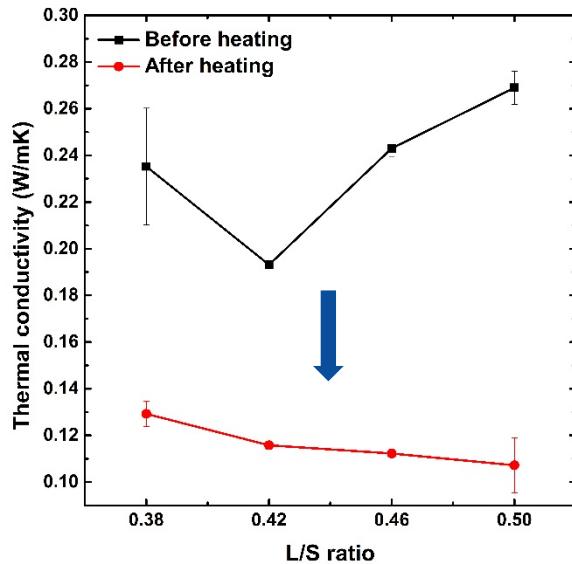


Fig. 11. Thermal conductivity of FA30 with L/S ratios of 0.38, 0.42, 0.46, and 0.50 before and after exposure to 300°C

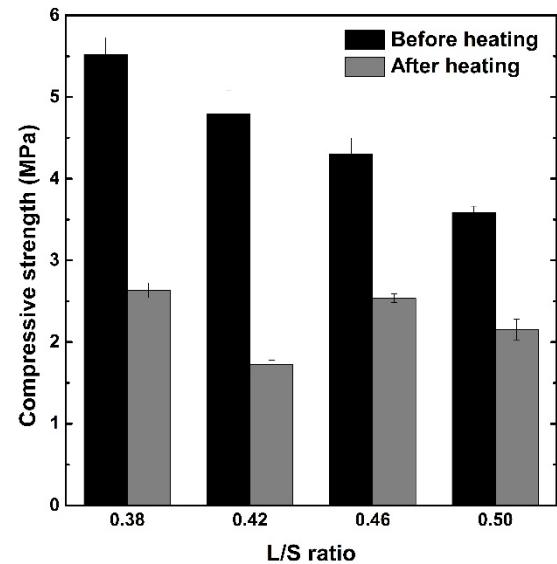


Fig. 12. Compressive strength of FA30 with L/S ratios of 0.38, 0.42, 0.46, and 0.50 before and after exposure to 300°C

Conclusions

Optimum mix proportion

- ✓ CFA content: 30~50% of ash mixture.
- ✓ L/S ratio

Utilization

- ✓ Lightweight construction material, thermal insulation, and fireproofing.

Future work

- ✓ Investigate effects of exposure temperature on properties of geopolymers with various mix proportions.
- ✓ Establish drying method of geopolymers considering various moisture contents.

Thank you!